

What is Academic Vocabulary?

This Worksheet is for use with the What is academic vocabulary? video, available on YouTube and Youku.

Video name: What is academic vocabulary Link to video: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Mak6uP8fVDs Alternate link: https://v.youku.com/v_show/id_XNTg4ODUyNjE0MA==.html

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Worksheet

Video name: What is academic vocabulary

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Task 1: Before watching

Study the following short passage from an academic journal. What features make it particularly *academic*?

Indeed, there is evidence that women are less likely than men to seek to be elected to political leadership positions, and that female students are less likely to run for student government in college (Lawless and Fox, 2008; New, 2014; Kanthak and Woon, 2015).

Task 2: What is academic vocabulary?

Complete the following notes for the first part of the video.

Definition

Broad definition

- vocabulary used in academic 1.______ usu. 2._____, maybe also 3._____
- includes spoken/written though most research conducted into 4. ______ form Specific definition
- vocabulary which occurs 5. _____ in academic texts across many different

6. _____ but less 7. _____ in 8. _____ ones.

different from 9. _____ and general vocabulary

also called:

- 10. _____ vocabulary
- specialised 11. _____ vocabulary
- Tier 12. _____ Vocabulary.

Task 3: Academic Word List (AWL) vs Academic Vocabulary List (AVL)

Which of the following are features of the Academic Word List (AWL) and which are features of the Academic Vocabulary List (AVL)? Tick as appropriate. Note: most apply to only one list, but some apply to both, and some to neither. An example has been done.

Feature	AWL	AVL
Comprises academic vocabulary	\checkmark	\checkmark
Consists of word families		
Consists of lemmas (i.e. plurals, verb inflections, alternative spellings)		
Excludes words from another list		
Meant for <i>productive</i> use (i.e. writing)		
Meant for <i>receptive</i> use (i.e. reading)		
Words occur 1.5 times more often in academic than non-academic texts.		





Task 4: Vocabulary shift

The following words were all mentioned in the video. What are the more *academic* words with the same meaning?

- O bad
- 0 thing
- O say
- Ο see
- O look for
- O idea

The following were NOT mentioned in the video. Can you think of more academic words to replace them? The first letter of each word has been given to help you.

- figure out 0 d_____
- O find d_____
- O think С_____
- O look into i_____
- Ο get rid of е
- O go up (e.g. prices) i

Task 5: General words with academic/technical meaning

The following five words were all mentioned in the video. What are the *everyday* meanings, and what are the *academic/technical* meanings?

Word	Everyday meaning	Academic/technical meaning
discipline		
population		
summit		[History]
base		[Chemistry]
bug		[Computer Science]

The following are some further examples. Most are *technical* words, for the given subject. What are the everyday and academic/technical meanings? Use a dictionary if needed.

Word	Everyday meaning	Academic/technical meaning
concentration		[Biology/Chemistry]
solution		[Chemistry]
market		[Economics]
root		[Mathematics]
field		[General academic meaning]





	Multiword v	-			
Use wor	ds from the	•		cations/phrases fro	om the video.
similar		discuss	discussed	discussion	things
mind		light	health	terms	fact
0	other	being equa	al		
0	mental/phys	sical			
0	be widely _				
0	bear in				
0	due to the _	that			
0	broad				
0	in	of			
0	in	of			
		a topic/issue			
		approach/argum	ent/characteristics		
		emic vocabulary ir			
	-	-	-	vocabulary is impo	ortant?
		, j	, ,	vocabalary is impe	
0					
0					
0					
Tack 9.		ademic vocabulary			
The vide	o finished w	vith the following		e meaning/significa Mic English	nce of the quote?
Further	reading				
	-	e suggested links fo	or further reading or	vocabulary study	
Vocabula	ary profilers		-		
•		•		L, AVL and many othe	er lists]
AWL high		<u>ca/vp/</u> [mainly for GS	SL/AWL, difficult to u	sej	
-	-	lation.com/vocab/a	cademic/highlighter	<u>/</u>	
•		vith definitions)		-	
		lation.com/vocab/a			
	•	efaults to first 500			
		lation.com/vocab/a	cademic/other/avl/		
	demic Colloc		cademic/acl/ Ican be	e sorted by frequency	v typel
	c word lists			. sorted by frequency	1, ypc]
		lation com/vocab/w	ordlists/ [bow to us	o wordlictc]	

<u>https://www.eapfoundation.com/vocab/wordlists/</u> [how to use wordlists] https://www.eapfoundation.com/vocab/wordlists/overview/ [overview of many wordlists]

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Answers

Task 1: Before watching

Possible answers.

- O Long, complex sentences
- O In-text citations
- O Formal vocabulary (e.g. evidence, less likely, seek)

Task 2: What is academic vocabulary?

Complete the following notes for the first part of the video.

Definition

Broad definition

- vocabulary used in academic 1. contexts usu. 2. university, maybe also 3. school
- includes spoken/written though most research conducted into 4. written form Specific definition
- vocabulary which occurs 5. frequently in academic texts across many different 6. <u>subject areas</u> but less 7. <u>frequently</u> in 8. <u>non-academic</u> ones.

different from 9. technical and general vocabulary also called:

- 10. <u>sub-technical</u> vocabulary
- specialised 11. non-technical vocabulary
- Tier 12. 2 vocabulary.

Task 3: Academic Word List (AWL) vs Academic Vocabulary List (AVL)

Which of the following are features of the Academic Word List (AWL) and which are features of the **Academic Vocabulary List (AVL)**? Tick as appropriate. Note: most apply to only one list, but some apply to both, and some to neither. An example has been done.

Feature	AWL	AVL
Comprises academic vocabulary	\checkmark	\checkmark
Consists of word families	✓	
Consists of lemmas (i.e. plurals, verb inflections, alternative spellings)		✓
Excludes words from another list	\checkmark	
Meant for <i>productive</i> use (i.e. writing)		\checkmark
Meant for <i>receptive</i> use (i.e. reading)	✓	
Words occur 1.5 times more often in academic than non-academic texts.		\checkmark



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Task 4: Vocabulary shift

The following words were all mentioned in the video. What are the more *academic* words with the same meaning?

- Ο bad
- 0 thing factor, reason, etc.

negative

- Ο say state
- 0 see observe
- O look for seek
- Ο idea notion

The following were NOT mentioned in the video. Can you think of more academic words to replace them? The first letter of each word has been given to help you.

- Ο figure out determine
- Ο find discover
- O think consider
- O look into investigate
- O get rid of eliminate
- O go up (e.g. prices) increase

Task 5: General words with academic/technical meaning

The following five words were all mentioned in the video. What are the everyday meanings, and what are the *academic/technical* meanings?

Word	Everyday meaning	Academic/technical meaning
discipline	Training people to obey rules	Subject of study.
population	Number of people living in a country/region.	All individuals who could be included in a study/survey.
summit	Top of something	[<i>History</i>] Conference of high level officials.
base	The bottom of something	[<i>Chemistry</i>] A water soluble compound with pH < 7, which reacts with an acid to form a salt.
bug	A kind of insect	[<i>Computer Science</i>] Flaw in a computer program

The following are some further examples. Most are *technical* words, for the given subject. What are the everyday and academic/technical meanings? Use a dictionary if needed.

Word	Everyday meaning	Academic/technical meaning
concentration	Complete attention; intense mental	[<i>Biology/Chemistry</i>] The strength of a
	effort.	solution.
solution	The way of solving a problem.	[<i>Chemistry</i>] A mixture of two or more
		substances.
market	A place where meat, vegetables and	[<i>Economics</i>] The world of commercial
	fruit are sold.	activity where goods and services are
		bought and sold.
root	The underground part of a plant.	[Mathematics] A number which times by
		itself equals another number. Symbol $$.
field	A piece of land without trees.	[General academic meaning] Branch of
		knowledge.







YouTube: What is Academic Vocabulary?

Task 6: Multiword vocabulary				
Use words fron	n the box to complete	e the following colloc	ations/phrases fr	om the video.
similar	discuss	discussed	discussion	things
mind	light	health	terms	fact

- O other <u>things</u> being equal
- O mental/physical health
- O be widely <u>discussed</u>
- O bear in <u>mind</u>
- O due to the fact that
- O broad discussion
- O in terms of
- O in <u>light</u> of
- O discuss a topic/issue
- O <u>similar</u> approach/argument/characteristics

Task 7: Why is academic vocabulary important?

What reasons were given about why studying academic vocabulary is important?

- O <u>Different from general vocabulary (more difficult)</u>
- O Comprises a lot of academic texts (10%-14%)
- O Subject lecturers will not usually define, in contrast to technical words

Task 8: Studying academic vocabulary

The video finished with the following quote. What is the meaning/significance of the quote? Nobody is a native speaker of academic English

Even native speakers of English need to learn how to speak and write academically (usually

by reading extensively and noticing language features).





Teacher's Notes

<u>Video name:</u>	What is academic vocabulary
<u>Link to video:</u>	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Mak6uP8fVDs
<u>Alternate link:</u>	<u>https://v.youku.com/v_show/id_XNTg4ODUyNjE0MA==.html</u>
<u>Video length:</u>	24.01
<u>Learning</u>	(1) Understand what academic vocabulary is [<i>Task 2</i>]
<u>Outcomes</u>	(2) Understand differences between two academic lists (AWL and AVL) [Task 3]
	(3) Study some general words and their academic equivalents [Task 4]
	(4) Study some general words with academic/technical meaning [Task 5]
	(5) Study some academic collocations/phrases [Tasks 6]
	(6) Understand why studying academic vocabulary is important [<i>Task 7</i>]
	(7) Consider why nobody is a native speaker of academic English [<i>Task 8</i>]

Suggested sequence/timings (for teachers)

The following is a possible sequence. The length of the video (24 minutes) means that more than one 60' lesson would be needed for all tasks. Timings are not given.

1. Warm-up

Students study the example text (Task 1) and elicit ideas why it is academic. The following are suggested reasons: (1) Long, complex sentences; (2) In-text citations; (3) Formal vocabulary (e.g. evidence, less likely, seek). The point here is that academic vocabulary is one aspect of making a text academic (there are many others).

2. Video comprehension and exercises

- a) Task 2 covers the *definition* of academic vocabulary, in particular how it is distinct from general and technical vocabulary. Video timing: 00:40-03.57.
- b) Tasks 3-6 cover the *wordlists* part of the video. This video segment mentions AWL first (Task 3), then **vocabulary shift** (Task 4), then **general words with academic meaning** (Task 5), before looking at the AVL (also part of Task 3). Multiword lists (Task 6) are at the end of this section. Video timing: **03.57-16.03**.
- c) Task 7 covers the Why is academic vocabulary important? section. Video timing: 16.03-17.17.
- d) Task 8 covers the *Studying academic vocabulary* section. Video timing: 21.29-23.29.

3. Extension activities

Students could explore different lists mentioned in the video, or find academic texts and study them using highlighters such as the AWL highlighter or vocabulary profilers. Useful links are given after Task 8 (p.3).

